# Fiscal Year 2018 (ending March 31, 2019) 

First Quarter Results
(3-month results ended June 30, 2018)

## Brother Industries, Ltd. <br> August 9, 2018

Information on this report, other than historical facts, refers to future prospects and performance, and has been prepared by our Management on the basis of information available at the time of the announcement. This covers various risks, including, but not limited to, economic conditions, customer demand, foreign currency exchange rates, tax rules, regulation and other factors. As a result, actual future performance may differ from any forecasts contained on this report.

## Highlights of Consolidated Results for FY2018 Q1

(100 Millions of Yen)

## Sales Revenue 171.1 billion yen/ + 2.0\%

## Each business progressed soundly, mainly according to plan for the company overall

$\checkmark$ Results for China and the Asian region were strong for both LBP/IJP
$\checkmark$ Large-scale revenue increases were noted for industrial sewing machines, which performed strongly in each region
$\checkmark$ Increased revenue was secured for machine tools, with automobile-related orders results compensating for the decrease for IT orders

## Business Segment Profit 20.5 billion yen/ + 17.0\%

$\checkmark$ High profitability was maintained, with a business profit rate for the P\&S business of $15 \%$.
$\checkmark$ Industrial sewing machines/ machine tools results buoyed the increase in revenue
$\checkmark$ Large-scale improvement in exchange contract profit/loss from valuation

Sales revenue for the first quarter of FY2018 was 171.1 billion yen, marking an increase of $2.0 \%$, or 3.4 billion yen year-on-year. Each business performed soundly, resulting in figures that were roughly according to plan.

The three main points are as follows:

1. In terms of the printing business, both IJP/LBP recorded good results in China and the Asian region.
2. Industrial sewing machines, including garment printers, performed well in each region.
3. Machine tools results managed to cover the dip in revenue for IT by means of good results for automobile-related orders.

Business segment profit was 20.5 billion yen, marking an increase of $17 \%$, or 3 billion yen year-on-year. The P\&S business profit rate was $15 \%$. This profit increase resulted from good progress profitability enhancement, and was also buoyed by strong results for industrial sewing machines and machine tools.

Operating profit reached 22.3 billion yen, marking an increase of $76.6 \%$, or 9.7 billion yen year-on-year. This was mainly due to exchange contract profit or loss from valuation.


Sales increase of 1.9 billion yen was mainly a result of the machinery business. Improvements resulted from a mixture of industrial sewing machines and machine tools.
Although sales did not greatly change for machine tools compared to the previous quarter, changes to customer composition and production operation factors resulted in significant improvements to profitability.

The increase of 400 million yen to profits resulting from price changes mainly arose in the P\&S business.

The 800 million yen decrease in profits resulting from cost reductions also mainly affected the P\&S business.

A breakdown of the increase by 2.2 billion yen resulting from the currency ex-change rate is shown in the box outside the column.

The 1.2 billion yen profit decrease resulting from an increase in SG\&A was halved between the P\&S business and machinery business.

The profit increase of 600 million yen resulting from decreased R\&D expenditure was mainly for the P\&S business.

| Sales Revenue | 17Q1 | 18Q1 | Rate of Change | Rate of Change (w/o FX) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 1,677 | 1,711 | 2.0\% | 1.4\% |
| Printing \& Solutions | 988 | 995 | 0.7\% | 0.4\% |
| Personal \& Home | 93 | 88 | -5.8\% | -5.3\% |
| Machinery | 291 | 314 | 8.0\% | 7.1\% |
| Network \& Contents | 112 | 115 | 2.8\% | 2.7\% |
| Domino business | 164 | 171 | 4.0\% | 0.7\% |
| Other | 29 | 28 | -2.0\% | -2.0\% |


| Business Segment Profit | 17Q1 | 18Q1 | Rate of Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 175 | 205 | 17.0\% |
| Printing \& Solutions | 134 | 149 | 11.3\% |
| Personal \& Home | -2 | -1 | - |
| Machinery | 25 | 42 | 63.6\% |
| Network \& Contents | -1 | 2 | - |
| Domino business | 16 | 12 | -23.2\% |
| Other | 2 | 2 | -27.4\% |
| Adjustment | 0 | 0 | - |


| Operating Profit | 17Q1 | 18Q1 | Rate of Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 126 | 223 | 76.6\% |
| Printing \& Solutions | 91 | 160 | 75.1\% |
| Personal \& Home | -5 | -1 | - |
| Machinery | 25 | 43 | 73.0\% |
| Network \& Contents | -1 | 2 | - |
| Domino business | 12 | 16 | 25.5\% |
| Other | 3 | 3 | -7.0\% |
| Adjustment | 0 | 0 | - |

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|  | Previous Forecast | FY18 <br> Forecast | Change | FY17 | Rate of Change (w/o FX) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales Revenue | 6,900 | 6,900 | - | 7,130 | $\begin{array}{r} -3.2 \% \\ (-1.6 \%) \end{array}$ |
| Business Segment Profit | 710 | 710 | - | 772 | -8.1\% |
| Business Segment Profit Ratio | 10.3\% | 10.3\% |  | 10.8\% |  |
| Other income/expense | -10 | -10 |  | -86 |  |
| Operating Profit | 700 | 700 | - | 687 | 1.9\% |
| Operating Profit Ratio | 10.1\% | 10.1\% |  | 9.6\% |  |
| Income before Tax | 700 | 700 | - | 697 | 0.5\% |
| Net Income | 520 | 520 | - | 500 | 4.0\% |
| USD | 107.00 | 107.00 |  | 110.81 |  |
| EUR | 128.00 | 128.00 |  | 129.45 |  |

## No change in results forecasts from previous forecast

$\checkmark$ Information on segment breakdown and exchange assumptions left as is

- Sales Revenue 6,900/-3.2\%

IT-related orders are undetermined, and with the negative impact of exchange rates and the effects of application of IFRS 15, sales revenue is expected to decrease

- Business Segment Profit 710/-8.1\%

Due to the effects of lower revenue from machine tools and the negative impact of exchange rates, business segment profit is expected to decrease

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Next, we will cover forecasts.
As you can see, the forecast has not changed from the previous quarter.
The exchange rate premise was 128 yen per Euro, indicating no change.
In terms of progress for each business in the first quarter, although profits were somewhat better than expected, the previous forecasts have been left as is be-cause forecasts for exchange rate levels and machine tools at the beginning of the quarter do not need to be changed.

## Highlight by business segment

| Sales Revenue | previous <br> Forecast | FY18 <br> Forecast |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total | 6,900 | 6,900 | Rate of Change |
| Printing \& Solutions | 3,935 | 3,935 | - |
| Personal \& Home | 449 | 449 | - |
| Machinery | 1,153 | 1,153 | - |
| Network \& Contents | 490 | 490 | - |
| Domino business | 735 | 735 | - |
| Other | 138 | 138 | - |


| FY17 | Reste of charge | Roste co chrge <br> (w/o po |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 7,130 | $-3.2 \%$ | $-1.6 \%$ |
| 4,122 | $-4.5 \%$ | $-2.2 \%$ |
| 445 | $1.0 \%$ | $4.4 \%$ |
| 1,273 | $-9.4 \%$ | $-8.3 \%$ |
| 491 | $-0.1 \%$ | $-0.1 \%$ |
| 684 | $7.5 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ |
| 116 | $18.7 \%$ | $18.6 \%$ |


| Business Segment Profit | previous <br> Foreast | FY18 <br> Forecast | Rate of Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total | 710 | 710 | - |
| Printing \& Solutions | 498 | 498 | - |
| Personal \& Home | 30 | 30 | - |
| Machinery | 116 | 116 | - |
| Network \& Contents | 24 | 24 | - |
| Domino business | 40 | 40 | - |
| Other | 2 | 2 | - |
| Adjustment | - | - | - |


| FY17 | Rote of Charge |
| ---: | ---: |
| 772 | $-8.1 \%$ |
| 529 | $-5.8 \%$ |
| 20 | $51.4 \%$ |
| 144 | $-19.6 \%$ |
| 27 | $-9.9 \%$ |
| 46 | $-13.8 \%$ |
| 7 | $-72.8 \%$ |
| -1 | - |


| Operating Profit | previous <br> Foreast | FY18 <br> Forecast | Rate of Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total | $\mathbf{7 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 0 0}$ | - |
| Printing \& Solutions | 489 | 489 | - |
| Personal \& Home | 30 | 30 | - |
| Machinery | 117 | 117 | - |
| Network \& Contents | 21 | 21 | - |
| Domino business | 40 | 40 | - |
| Other | 3 | 3 | - |
| Adjustment | - | - | - |


| FY17 | Reste et Charge |
| ---: | ---: |
| 687 | $1.9 \%$ |
| 474 | $3.3 \%$ |
| 11 | $185.4 \%$ |
| 141 | $-17.2 \%$ |
| 13 | $56.4 \%$ |
| 40 | $0.1 \%$ |
| 9 | $-66.7 \%$ |
| -1 | - |

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Sales revenue for the P\&S business in the first quarter was 99.5 billion yen. On a local currency basis, this was a slight increase of 0.4\% year-on-year.

Sales revenue for the communications and printing orders was 87.6 billion yen. On a local currency basis, this was a slight decrease of $0.4 \%$ year-on-year.
See page 8 for a breakdown of the growth rate per engine.
By region, although results indicated slight decreases year-on-year in the Americas and Europe, demand was strong for both laser and inkjet products in China and Asia, resulting in large-scale increases year-on-year. While results for Europe and the Americas were somewhat weak in light of internal plans, overall, the result was somewhat better than expected, mainly as a result of the much better than expected results achieved in China and Asia.
A good start was made, as results for the large-volume ink tank model introduced as a new model also exceeded the first quarter sales plan.

Although consumables hardly exhibited any growth year-on-year, as the level was somewhat higher than planned, we consider good progress to have been made.

Sales revenue for electronic stationary was 11.9 billion yen. On a local currency basis, this was an increase of $7.0 \%$ year-on-year.
Sales of P-touch main hardware/consumables were strong in the Americas, Asia and China. Solutions businesses such as mobile printers also performed well in the US.

## Sales Revenue Growth Rate / Consumable Ratio / Growth Rate of hardware

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Sales revenue for the first quarter was 8.8 billion yen. On a local currency basis, the growth rate was a decrease of $5.3 \%$.

By region, a particularly large dip was seen for the Americas, with a growth rate of $-9.1 \%$ observed. At the beginning of August, an event announcing the highest grade sewing and embroider machine was held in the U.S. As advertising was implemented at sales outlets from the first quarter, purchasing of the existing model was somewhat re-strained. This appears to be the reason for the weak results in the US.

As the sales season for home sewing machines is just beginning, we are aiming to achieve increased revenue and profits due to the release of the new product.


Sales revenue in the first quarter was 8.7 billion yen for industrial sewing machines, 17.8 billion yen for machine tools and 5 billion yen for industrial parts.

For industrial sewing machines, strong sales are continuing in China and sound results are being seen in Bangladesh, Vietnam and Indonesia in the Asian region.
In Europe and the Americas, sound demand in Turkey and Central America as well as strong results for garment printers greatly contributed to results.

For machine tools, although there were no major IT-related orders, automobile-related sales were strong, exceeding results of the previous year.
The proportion of sales accounted for by IT dropped to 30\%. However, sales for the remaining 70\% accounted for by automobile/general machine-related products increased by close to $60 \%$ year-on-year, covering the IT slump.
Our forecast has been left as is as there was no change from the previous quarter for IT-related results.
Mainly in Japan, demand for industrial parts for semiconductor manufacturing orders and FA devices is stable and progressing soundly.


Network \& Contents
Sales Revenue \& Profit
(100 Millions of Yen)

|  | $17 Q 1$ | 18 Q 1 | Change | FY17 | FY18 <br> Fct | Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Sales Revenue | 112 | 115 | $2.8 \%$ | 491 | 490 | $-0.1 \%$ |
| Business Segment Profit | -1 | 2 | - | 27 | 24 | $-9.9 \%$ |
| Operating Profit | -1 | 2 | - | 13 | 21 | $56.3 \%$ |

<Sales Revenue> <Operating Profit>


The first quarter sales revenue increased slightly year-on-year, to 11.5 billion yen.
The karaoke business and karaoke club management business both progressed generally soundly. Moreover, both sales and profits were almost as planned.


Sales revenue was 17.1 billion yen, and the pound base growth rate was almost the same as last year. By region, the major slump in the Americas resulted in a result of $-15.8 \%$.
This was due to the season mismatch in the first quarter of last year resulting in a high level being set, and the somewhat weaker than expected result for the C\&M business. Conversely, results for digital printers exceeded those for last year in each region, reaching a tolerably strong level.
Business segment profit was 1.2 billion yen. One factor cited for this decrease of 400 million yen in profit compared to the previous period is decreased gross profit due to the season mismatch, as was the case for sales, and increased R\&D expenditure.
Operating profit was increased, as a foreign exchange profit was calculated this quarter, in contrast to the foreign exchange loss of last quarter.

## R\&D expenses / Capital expenditure / Depreciation and amortization / Inventories



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